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# Seminar

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## Institute for Plasma Research

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**Title:** Development of Electrocatalyst and its Implementation in Water Splitting Process

**Speaker:** Dr. Amit Kumar Rana  
Institute for Plasma Research, Gandhinagar

**Date:** 02<sup>nd</sup> December 2023 (Saturday)

**Time:** 03:30 PM

**Venue:** Online mode

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### Abstract

Creating highly efficient electrocatalysts for water splitting reactions is crucial for energy conversion purposes. This study focuses on the development of high-performance non-precious electrocatalysts for the critical process of water splitting, essential for various energy conversion applications. Specifically, we have created multi-dimensional carbon-encapsulated perovskite oxide materials using lanthanum cobalt oxide ( $\text{LaCoO}_3$ ) as the base, which exhibit remarkable efficiency as electrocatalysts for the oxygen evolution reaction (OER). We have undertaken a systematic exploration of the impact of different carbon compounds, including acetylene black (AB), multi-walled carbon nanotubes (MWCNT), and reduced graphene oxide (rGO), on the interface modification within  $\text{LaCoO}_3$ . Our investigation begins with the in-situ incorporation of these multi-dimensional carbon materials (AB, MWCNT, and rGO) into  $\text{LaCoO}_3$ . This process results in well-defined structural and morphological features for  $\text{LaCoO}_3$  and its nanocomposites, offering enhanced surface active sites for catalytic activity. Thanks to this interface engineering, the  $\text{LaCoO}_3/\text{rGO}$  nanocomposite demonstrates remarkable performance improvements over pristine  $\text{LaCoO}_3$ ,  $\text{LaCoO}_3/\text{AB}$ , and  $\text{LaCoO}_3/\text{MWCNT}$  counterparts. The  $\text{LaCoO}_3/\text{rGO}$  nanocomposite stands out for its remarkable performance, boasting a low onset potential of 1.58 V when operating at  $10 \text{ mAcm}^{-2}$ . Moreover, it exhibits a minimal Tafel slope of  $85 \text{ mV dec}^{-1}$ . This enhanced OER performance is attributed to the integration of rGO sheets onto  $\text{LaCoO}_3$  particles, which creates a conductive pathway and introduces electrochemically active sites crucial for catalysis, facilitating efficient charge and mass transport. Furthermore, the  $\text{LaCoO}_3/\text{rGO}$  nanocomposite exhibits exceptional long-term stability over 20 hours. Therefore, this work represents a significant advancement in the development of non-precious electrocatalysts with applications in clean energy technologies, showcasing the potential for future progress in this vital field.

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