

Containers for HPC: The Future of Portable Scientific Workflows

High-Performance Computing (HPC) is evolving fast. Scientists and engineers today don't just need raw compute power - they need reproducibility, portability, and flexibility across different clusters, clouds, and supercomputers. This is where containers come in. By packaging software stack (application, libraries, compilers, dependencies) into a single image, user can:

- Ensure results are reproducible across clusters.
- Eliminate "it works on my system" issues.
- Move workloads easily between HPC centers and cloud platforms.
- Simplify deployment of complex software stacks.

While Docker dominates in DevOps, HPC Clusters typically uses Singularity/Apptainer, which is designed for multi-user HPC clusters: it runs containers without root privileges, integrates with schedulers (PBS, Slurm), and supports MPI and GPUs. In this two-part series, we'll go from beginner commands to a launch of containerized LAMMPS run with MPI and GPUs.

Part 1: Containers for HPC Beginners - 10 Commands You Must Know

This article highlights ten essential Singularity (Now Apptainer) commands that every HPC beginner should know. These commands form the foundation for pulling, running, and scaling containerized applications effectively within HPC workflows.

1) Check Version of Singularity installed

Load the singularity module and verify the version

```
[user@login1 ~] $ module load singularity/3.5.3/3.5.3
```

```
[user@login1 ~] $ singularity --version
```

```
singularity version 3.5.3
```

2) Pull an Image

After exporting proxy settings in environment, user may pull the image from any opensource repositories available (Here NGC catalog from nvidia is used to pull images)

```
[user@login1 ~] $ singularity pull docker://nvcr.io/nvidia/base/ubuntu:20.04_x64_2022-09-23
```

```
INFO: Converting OCI blobs to SIF format
```

```
WARNING: 'nodev' mount option set on /tmp, it could be a source of failure during build process
```

```
INFO: Starting build...
```

```
Getting image source signatures
```

```
Copying blob fb0b3276a519 done
```

```
...
```

```
INFO: Creating SIF file...
```

```
INFO: Build complete: ubuntu_20.04_x64_2022-09-23.sif
```

3) Run a Container

Start the container using the default command defined in the image (like `bash` or an application)

```
[user@login1 ~] $ singularity run ubuntu_20.04_x64_2022-09-23.sif
```

```
Singularity>
```

4) Execute a Command Inside

Execute command directly from image using `exec` command with singularity

```
[user@login1 ~] $ singularity exec ubuntu_20.04_x64_2022-09-23.sif cat /etc/os-release
```

```
NAME="Ubuntu"
```

```
VERSION="20.04.5 LTS (Focal Fossa)"
```

5) Shell Into a Container

Get an interactive shell inside the container — useful for debugging and exploring environments

```
[user@login1 ~] $ singularity shell ubuntu_20.04_x64_2022-09-23.sif
```

```
Singularity>
```

6) Bind Host Directories

Mount host directories (like `scratch` or `Home` folders) inside container

```
[user@login1 ~] $ singularity exec --bind /scratch/scratch_data/shivam.patel:/data ubuntu_20.04_x64_2022-09-23.sif ls /data
```

```
Programs comsol demo source sys_info.sh
```

7) Enable GPU Support

Expose GPUs to your container (required for CUDA, TensorFlow, PyTorch, etc.).

```
[user@gn01 ~] $ singularity exec --nv tensorflow.sif python detect_gpu.py
```

```
>>> import tensorflow as tf; physical_devices = tf.config.list_physical_devices('GPU'); print("Physical devices:", physical_devices)
```

```
Physical devices: [PhysicalDevice(name='/physical_device:GPU:0', device_type='GPU'), PhysicalDevice(name='/physical_device:GPU:1', device_type='GPU')]
```

8) Run MPI Applications

Use MPI from the host with Singularity — essential for multi-node parallel HPC jobs.

```
[user@cn001 ~] $ singularity exec lammmps_stable_22Jul2025.sif mpirun -np 2 hostname
```

```
cn001
```

```
cn001
```

9) Inspect the Container

See metadata like labels, environment variables, and image details.

```
[user@login1 ~] $ singularity inspect lammmps_stable_22Jul2025.sif
```

```
org.label-schema.build-date: Monday_1_September_2025_14:52:18_IST
```

```
org.label-schema.schema-version: 1.0
```

```
org.label-schema.usage.singularity.deffile.bootstrap: docker
```

```
org.label-schema.usage.singularity.deffile.from: nvcr.io/nvidia/lammmps:stable_22Jul2025
```

```
org.label-schema.usage.singularity.version: 3.5.3
```

10) Build Your Own Image

Convert a definition file into a container image (usually done on a Local PC, then moved to HPC).

```
[user@local_pc ~] $ cat openmpi.def
```

```
Bootstrap: library
```

```
From: ubuntu:22.04
```

```
%post
```

```
export DEBIAN_FRONTEND=noninteractive
```

```
In -fs /usr/share/zoneinfo/Asia/Kolkata /etc/localtime
```

```
echo "Asia/Kolkata" > /etc/timezone
```

```
apt update && apt install -y build-essential wget tzdata
```

```
wget https://download.open-mpi.org/release/open-mpi/v4.1/openmpi-4.1.5.tar.gz
```

```
tar -xzf openmpi-4.1.5.tar.gz
```

```
cd openmpi-4.1.5
```

```
./configure --prefix=/usr/local/openmpi --enable-mca-no-build=btl-uct --enable-mca-no-build=op-avx --enable-mpi-thread-multiple --enable-mpi1-compatibility
```

```
make -j8
```

```
make install
```

```
%environment
```

```
export PATH=/usr/local/openmpi/bin:$PATH
```

```
export LD_LIBRARY_PATH=/usr/local/openmpi/lib:$LD_LIBRARY_PATH
```

```
export LD_RUN_PATH=/usr/local/openmpi/lib:${LD_RUN_PATH}
```

```
export PKG_CONFIG_PATH=/usr/local/openmpi/lib/pkgconfig:${PKG_CONFIG_PATH}
```

```
export CPATH=/usr/local/openmpi/include:${CPATH}
```

```
%labels
```

```
Maintainer "Shivam Patel"
```

```
Description "Singularity container for Openmpi with GLIBC 2.27"
```

```
[user@local_pc ~] $ singularity build --fakeroot openmpi.sif openmpi.def
```

```
INFO: Starting build...
```

```
INFO: Verifying bootstrap image /home/shivam.patel/.singularity/cache/library/sha256.7a63c14842a5c9b9c0567c1530af87afbb82187444ea45fd7473726ca31a598b
```

```
INFO: Running post scriptlet
```

```
+ export DEBIAN_FRONTEND=noninteractive
```

```
+ In -fs /usr/share/zoneinfo/Asia/Kolkata /etc/localtime
```

```
+ echo Asia/Kolkata
```

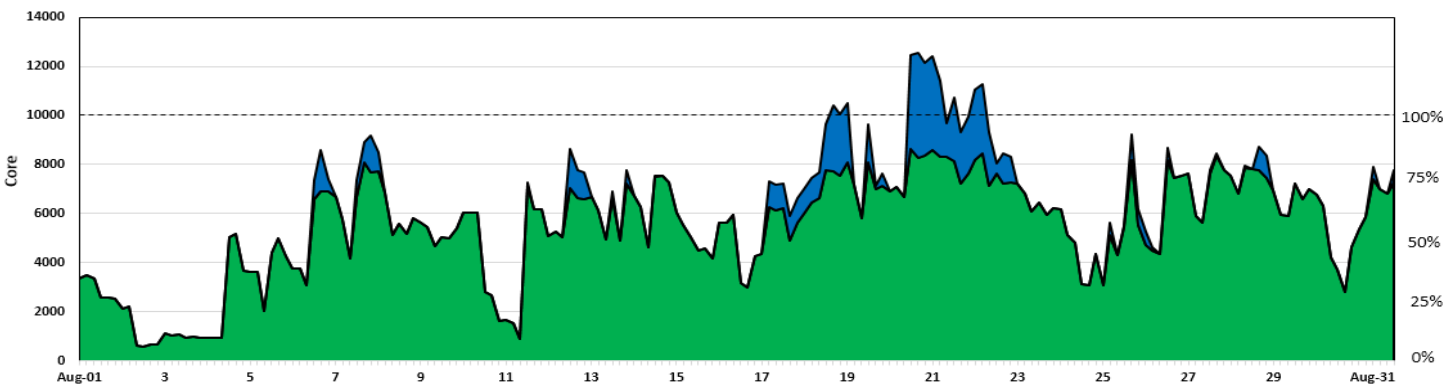
```
+ apt update
```

```
...
```

With these 10 commands, user can pull, run, debug, and scale containerized applications on HPC system. In Part 2, these commands will be used with a real-world example: running the LAMMPS (compatible with CUDA 11.2 version) molecular dynamics package from NVIDIA's NGC catalog in a multi-node, multi-GPU PBS job using singularity.

ANTYA Utilization: AUGUST 2025

ANTYA DAILY OBSERVED WORKLOAD



ANTYA HPC Users' Statistics
August 2025

Total Successful Jobs~ 1843

> Top Users (Cumulative Resources)

- CPU Cores [Sagar Choudhary](#)
- GPU Cards [Gaurav Garg](#)
- Walltime [Sagar Choudhary](#)
- Jobs [Jugal Chowdhury](#)

ANTYA Usage, Updates and News

- **Scheduled Downtime:** There was no downtime of ANTYA for August 2025.
- **Job Submissions:** The highest job loads were observed in the *regularq*, *mediumq*, *serialq*, *longq* and *ansysq* queues, reflecting sustained user activity across multiple workloads in various queues.
- **Cluster Utilization:** The system maintained an average utilization of ~54.76% and peak utilisation of ~86.19%.

Packages/Applications Installed: No new modules have been installed this month. To view list of available modules.
> module avail

Other Recent Work on HPC

Influence of convective and radiative heat transfer on effective thermal conductivity of Solid Breeder pebble beds using DEM-CFD simulations	Deepak Sharma
Confinement-driven structural transitions in a dusty plasma crystal	Sushree Monalisha Sahu
Simulation Studies of Resonant Excitation of Electron Bernstein Waves in Capacitive Discharges	Sarveshwar Sharma
Development of Nondestructive techniques for Gas cooled Plasma Facing Components	Kedar Satish Bhope
Electron Bernstein Waves in Magnetized Capacitive Discharges: First Simulation-Based Evidence and Associated Plasma Dynamics	Sarveshwar Sharma
Design and Application of a Quasi-Optical Notch Filter for Mitigating RF Stray Radiation in the ITER ECE Diagnostic System	Suman Danani
Generating Nanosecond Pulse Electric Field using RF transmission line and Semiconductor devices	Supriya Anil Nair
A Study of Intermittent Ion Beam Irradiation with Continuous Temperature Variation on Silicon Surface Nanopatterning	Dr. Rakhi

Acknowledgement

The HPC Team, Computer Division IPR, would like to thank all Contributors for the current issue of *GANANAM*.

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Contact us

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